

Notice of variation and consolidation with introductory note

The Environmental Permitting (England & Wales) Regulations 2016

Airbag Disposal (UK) Limited

Unit 9 & 10
Vantage Business Park
Sheffield Road
Tinsley
Sheffield
S9 1BG

Variation application number

EPR/FB3702UD/V003

Permit number

EPR/FB3702UD

Airbag Disposal (UK) Limited

Permit number EPR/FB3702UD

Introductory note

This introductory note does not form a part of the notice.

Under the Environmental Permitting (England & Wales) Regulations 2016 (schedule 5, part 1, paragraph 19) a variation may comprise a consolidated permit reflecting the variations and a notice specifying the variations included in that consolidated permit.

Schedule 1 of the notice specifies the conditions that have been varied and schedule 2 comprises a consolidated permit which reflects the variations being made. All the conditions of the permit have been varied and are subject to the right of appeal.

This variation is to:

- Amend Table S1.1 to add new activities/operations:
 - Section 5.6 Part A(1)(a) – Temporary storage of hazardous waste with a total capacity exceeding 50 tonnes
 - Physical Treatment of Hazardous Waste with a capacity not exceeding 10 tonnes per day.
- Allow the acceptance and treatment of a wider range of waste types
- Increase the annual throughput from 5,000 tonnes to 70,000 tonnes/year
- Extend the permit boundary to incorporate the adjacent warehouse unit (Unit 10)
- Update the registered office address

Brief description of the process

The regulated facility accepts and treats hazardous and non-hazardous wastes that are predominantly associated with WEEE and items from the automotive sector. Treatment will comprise a variety of methods which include manual and mechanical sorting and separation, shredding, granulating and baling.

The treatment of non-hazardous waste will be less than 75 tonnes per day and treatment of hazardous waste will be less than 10 tonnes per day. It is proposed to store 100 tonnes of hazardous waste at the site at any one time. As such, in accordance with Schedule 1 of the Environmental Permitting Regulations, the storage of hazardous waste will fall under the following Schedule 1 activity:

- Section 5.6 Part A(1)(a) – Temporary storage of hazardous waste with a total capacity exceeding 50 tonnes

With the treatment activities comprising the following waste operations:

- Physical Treatment of Non-Hazardous Waste
- Physical Treatment of Hazardous Waste

All storage and treatment of waste will occur on impermeable surface, with a sealed drainage system, within fully enclosed buildings (Units 9 and 10) both benefitting from roller shutter doors. Wastes will arrive on-site separately according to waste type and there will be no mixing of hazardous and non-hazardous waste.

The treatment activities will vary dependent on waste types. Following manual sorting and pre-treatment where required, WEEE, various ferrous and non-ferrous metals including canning from car exhausts and discharged fire extinguishers will be loaded into a hopper which conveys into the granulator/shredder with the resultant material passing through an overband magnet to allow segregation of components. Shredding will take place in Unit 10.

Decanning of car exhausts will be carried out in the decommissioning chambers located in Unit 9. This is a fully enclosed environment which utilises a LEV abatement system.

Fluorescent lamps, flat panel display, cathode ray tubes, photovoltaic panels and rail fog detonators will be accepted at the facility for transfer only. No treatment will be undertaken on-site.

Time Expired Pyrotechnics (TEP) comprising flares and fireworks will be dealt with immediately upon arrival by placing them directly into a controlled environment to render them inert. The control on the storage and treatment of explosives is outside the scope of this permit and must be covered by an explosive licence under the Explosive Regulations 2014.

Batteries will be accepted onto site or removed from items of WEEE accepted at the site. They will be manually sorted and separated and lithium-ion batteries will be discharged using a battery discharger in order to reduce voltage prior to storing. All waste batteries will be stored within appropriate leak-proof UN approved boxes and will be categorised and separated by type, class, or group. Lithium-ion batteries from electric vehicles will be stored separately from other types of batteries.

The site will also accept plastics and cardboard for treatment. Treatment of plastics will be manual sorting and segregation prior to processing via shredding. The treatment of cardboard will solely comprise of baling. Nylon will also be bulked on-site.

All outputs from the treatment operations will be stored and bulked in designated containers prior to transfer off site to a suitable permitted facility for further recovery and/or disposal.

The annual throughput is 70,000 tonnes

There are two point source emissions to air. The site benefits from a Local Extraction Ventilation (LEV) system and the dust collected will be abated using single stage HEPA bag filters and discharged out of the building through emissions points A1 and A2. There are no point source emissions to water from the installation.

The site is situated within a wider industrial park, Vantage Business Park, located approximately 2.5 km south west of Rotherham. Access to the site is achieved by an access road located directly off the A6178 to the east of the Blackburn Meadows Way junction. The immediate surrounding of the site comprises industrial units directly east and south. To the west of the site lies Blackburn Meadows Way and to the north is a railway line and the River Don. The nearest residential property is located approximately 155 m south of the site on Ferrars Road.

No statutory designated site of international importance lies within 10 km of the site.

The operator has an Environmental Management System (EMS) in place which includes procedures and check sheets for the recording of accidents and incidents, maintenance of the site infrastructure, plant and equipment, as well as staff training, technical competence and health and safety.

The schedules specify the changes made to the permit.

The status log of a permit sets out the permitting history, including any changes to the permit reference number.

Status log of the permit		
Description	Date	Comments
Application received EPR/FB3702UD/A001	Duly made 31/01/2018	Application for non-hazardous waste physical treatment facility.
Additional information received	12/03/2018	Fire Prevention Plan (V4).
Permit determined EPR/FB3702UD	14/03/2018	Permit issued to Airbag Disposal (UK) Limited.
Application EPR/FB3702UD/V002	Duly made 25/06/2018	Application to vary permit to increase annual throughput of waste.
Additional information received	26/09/2018	Response to Schedule 5 Notice issued 17/09/18 relating to amount of waste stored/treated on site at any one time, waste generation, impact on

Status log of the permit		
Description	Date	Comments
		dust filtration system and update of Fire Prevention Plan.
Variation determined EPR/FB3702UD (Billing ref. EAWML 404425)	09/10/2018	Varied permit issued.
Application EPR/FB3702UD/V003	Duly made 16/01/2024	Application for an Installation permit.
Response to Schedule 5 Notice dated 22/03/24	26/04/2024	Information to demonstrate compliance with BAT and updates to the Fire Prevention Plan.
Response to Schedule 5 Notice dated 31/05/24	14/06/2024	Further information to demonstrate compliance with BAT and updates to the waste types, Fire Prevention Plan, Dust & Emissions Management Plan and Environmental Risk Assessment.
Variation determined and consolidation issued EPR/FN3702UD	27/06/2024	Varied and consolidated permit issued

End of introductory note

Notice of variation and consolidation

The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016

The Environment Agency in exercise of its powers under regulation 20 of the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016 varies and consolidates

Permit number

EPR/FB3702UD

Issued to

Airbag Disposal (UK) Ltd ("the operator")

whose registered office is

**3mc Middlemarch Business Park
Siskin Drive
Coventry
CV3 4FJ**

company registration number **04607373**

to operate regulated facilities at

**Airbag Disposal
Unit 9 & 10
Vantage Business Park
Sheffield Road
Tinsley
Sheffield
S9 1BG**

to the extent set out in the schedules.

The notice shall take effect from 27/06/2024

Name	Date
Marcus Woodward	27/06/2024

Authorised on behalf of the Environment Agency

Schedule 1

All conditions have been varied by the consolidated permit as a result of the application made by the operator.

Schedule 2 – consolidated permit

Consolidated permit issued as a separate document.

Permit

The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016

Permit number

EPR/FB3702UD

This is the consolidated permit referred to in the variation and consolidation notice for application
EPR/FB3702UD/V003 authorising,

Airbag Disposal (UK) Limited (“the operator”),

whose registered office is

**3mc Middlemarch Business Park
Siskin Drive
Coventry
CV3 4FJ**

company registration number **04607373**

to operate an installation and waste operations at

**Airbag Disposal
Unit 9 & 10
Vantage Business Park
Sheffield Road
Tinsley
Sheffield
S9 1BG**

to the extent authorised by and subject to the conditions of this permit.

Name	Date
Marcus Woodward	27/06/2024

Authorised on behalf of the Environment Agency

Conditions

1 Management

1.1 General management

- 1.1.1 The operator shall manage and operate the activities:
- (a) in accordance with a written management system that identifies and minimises risks of pollution, including those arising from operations, maintenance, accidents, incidents, non-conformances, closure and those drawn to the attention of the operator as a result of complaints; and
 - (b) using sufficient competent persons and resources.
- 1.1.2 Records demonstrating compliance with condition 1.1.1 shall be maintained.
- 1.1.3 Any person having duties that are or may be affected by the matters set out in this permit shall have convenient access to a copy of it kept at or near the place where those duties are carried out.
- 1.1.4 The operator shall comply with the requirements of an approved competence scheme.

1.2 Energy efficiency

- 1.2.1 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 (AR1), the operator shall:
- (a) take appropriate measures to ensure that energy is used efficiently in the activities;
 - (b) review and record at least every four years whether there are suitable opportunities to improve the energy efficiency of the activities; and
 - (c) take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

1.3 Efficient use of raw materials

- 1.3.1 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 (AR1), the operator shall:
- (a) take appropriate measures to ensure that raw materials and water are used efficiently in the activities;
 - (b) maintain records of raw materials and water used in the activities;
 - (c) review and record at least every four years whether there are suitable alternative materials that could reduce environmental impact or opportunities to improve the efficiency of raw material and water use; and
 - (d) take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

1.4 Avoidance, recovery and disposal of wastes produced by the activities

- 1.4.1 The operator shall take appropriate measures to ensure that:
- (a) the waste hierarchy referred to in Article 4 of the Waste Framework Directive is applied to the generation of waste by the activities; and
 - (b) any waste generated by the activities is treated in accordance with the waste hierarchy referred to in Article 4 of the Waste Framework Directive; and
 - (c) where disposal is necessary, this is undertaken in a manner which minimises its impact on the environment.

- 1.4.2 The operator shall review and record at least every four years whether changes to those measures should be made and take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

2 Operations

2.1 Permitted activities

- 2.1.1 The operator is only authorised to carry out the activities specified in schedule 1 table S1.1 (the “activities”).
- 2.1.2 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 (AR1), waste authorised by this permit shall be clearly distinguished from any other waste on the site.

2.2 The site

- 2.2.1 The activities shall not extend beyond the site, being the land shown edged in green on the site plan at schedule 7 to this permit.

2.3 Operating techniques

- 2.3.1 The activities shall, subject to the conditions of this permit, be operated using the techniques and in the manner described in the documentation specified in schedule 1, table S1.2 to S1.4, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 2.3.2 If notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution, the operator shall submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a revision of any plan or other documentation (“plan”) specified in schedule 1, table S1.2 to S1.4, or otherwise required under this permit which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution relevant to that plan, and shall implement the approved revised plan in place of the original from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 2.3.3 All activities shall take place on impermeable surfaces with sealed drainage, unless otherwise specified in Table S1.1 or agreed in writing with the Environment Agency.
- 2.3.4 Any raw materials or fuels listed in schedule 2 table S2.1 shall conform to the specifications set out in that table.
- 2.3.5 Waste shall only be accepted if:
- (a) it is of a type and quantity listed in schedule 2 tables S2.2 and, S2.3; and
 - (b) it conforms to the description in the documentation supplied by the producer and holder.
- 2.3.6 The operator shall ensure that where waste produced by the activities is sent to a relevant waste operation, that operation is provided with the following information, prior to the receipt of the waste:
- (a) the nature of the process producing the waste;
 - (b) the composition of the waste;
 - (c) the handling requirements of the waste;
 - (d) the hazardous properties associated with the waste, if applicable; and
 - (e) the waste code of the waste.
- 2.3.7 The operator shall ensure that where waste produced by the activities is sent to a landfill site, it meets the waste acceptance criteria for that landfill.

2.4 Hazardous waste storage and treatment

- 2.4.1 Hazardous waste shall not be mixed, either with a different category of hazardous waste or with other waste, substances or materials, unless it is authorised by schedule 1 table S1.1 and appropriate measures are taken.

2.5 WEEE treatment

- 2.5.1 As a minimum, the substances, preparations and components specified in table S1.3 shall be removed from any WEEE unless the WEEE is being prepared for re-use or the operator has taken appropriate measures to ensure their removal following transfer off site.

2.6 Improvement programme

- 2.6.1 The operator shall complete the improvements specified in schedule 1 table S1.5 by the date specified in that table unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 2.6.2 Except in the case of an improvement which consists only of a submission to the Environment Agency, the operator shall notify the Environment Agency within 14 days of completion of each improvement.

3 Emissions and monitoring

3.1 Emissions to water, air or land

- 3.1.1 There shall be no point source emissions to water, air or land except from the sources and emission points listed in schedule 3 tables S3.1.
- 3.1.2 The limits given in schedule 3 shall not be exceeded.
- 3.1.3 Periodic monitoring shall be carried out at least once every 5 years for groundwater and 10 years for soil, unless such monitoring is based on a systematic appraisal of the risk of contamination.

3.2 Emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits

- 3.2.1 Emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits (excluding odour) shall not cause pollution. The operator shall not be taken to have breached this condition if appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved emissions management plan, have been taken to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, those emissions.
- 3.2.2 All liquids in containers, whose emission to water or land could cause pollution, shall be provided with secondary containment, unless the operator has used other appropriate measures to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, leakage and spillage from the primary container.

3.3 Odour

- 3.3.1 Emissions from the activities shall be free from odour at levels likely to cause pollution outside the site, as perceived by an authorised officer of the Environment Agency, unless the operator has used appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved odour management plan, to prevent or where that is not practicable to minimise the odour.
- 3.3.2 The operator shall:
- (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution outside the site due to odour, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, an odour management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from odour;

- (b) implement the approved odour management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

3.4 Noise and vibration

- 3.4.1 Emissions from the activities shall be free from noise and vibration at levels likely to cause pollution outside the site, as perceived by an authorised officer of the Environment Agency, unless the operator has used appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved noise and vibration management plan to prevent or where that is not practicable to minimise the noise and vibration.
- 3.4.2 Emissions from the metal shredder shall be free from sudden noise or vibration at levels likely to cause pollution outside the site, unless the operator has used appropriate measures, including but not limited to, those specified in any approved noise and vibration management plan to prevent or where that is not practicable to minimise the sudden noise and vibration.
- 3.4.3 The operator shall:
 - (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution outside the site due to noise and vibration, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a noise and vibration management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from noise and vibration;
 - (b) implement the approved noise and vibration management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

3.5 Monitoring

- 3.5.1 The operator shall, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, undertake the monitoring specified in the following tables in schedule 3 to this permit:
 - (a) point source emissions specified in tables S3.1;
 - (b) ambient air monitoring specified in table S3.2;
 - (c) process monitoring specified in table S3.3
- 3.5.2 The operator shall maintain records of all monitoring required by this permit including records of the taking and analysis of samples, instrument measurements (periodic and continual), calibrations, examinations, tests and surveys and any assessment or evaluation made on the basis of such data.
- 3.5.3 Monitoring equipment, techniques, personnel and organisations employed for the emissions monitoring programme and the environmental or other monitoring specified in condition 3.5.1 shall have either MCERTS certification or MCERTS accreditation (as appropriate), where available, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 3.5.4 Permanent means of access shall be provided to enable sampling/monitoring to be carried out in relation to the emission points specified in schedule 3 tables S3.1, S3.2, S3.3 unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

3.6 Fire prevention

- 3.6.1 The operator shall take all appropriate measures to prevent fires on site and minimise the risk of pollution from them including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved fire prevention plan.

4 Information

4.1 Records

4.1.1 All records required to be made by this permit shall:

- (a) be legible;
- (b) be made as soon as reasonably practicable;
- (c) if amended, be amended in such a way that the original and any subsequent amendments remain legible, or are capable of retrieval; and
- (d) be retained, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, for at least 6 years from the date when the records were made, or in the case of the following records until permit surrender:
 - (i) off-site environmental effects; and
 - (ii) matters which affect the condition of the land and groundwater.

4.1.2 The operator shall keep on site all records, plans and the management system required to be maintained by this permit, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

4.2 Reporting

4.2.1 The operator shall send all reports and notifications required by the permit to the Environment Agency using the contact details supplied in writing by the Environment Agency.

4.2.2 A report or reports on the performance of the activities over the previous year shall be submitted to the Environment Agency by 31 January (or other date agreed in writing by the Environment Agency) each year. The report(s) shall include as a minimum:

- (a) a review of the results of the monitoring and assessment carried out in accordance with the permit including an interpretive review of that data;
- (b) the annual production /treatment data set out in schedule 4 table S4.2; and
- (c) the performance parameters set out in schedule 4 table S4.3 using the forms specified in table S4.4 of that schedule.

4.2.3 Within 28 days of the end of the reporting period the operator shall, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, submit reports of the monitoring and assessment carried out in accordance with the conditions of this permit, as follows:

- (a) in respect of the parameters and emission points specified in schedule 4 table S4.1;
- (b) for the reporting periods specified in schedule 4 table S4.1 and using the forms specified in schedule 4 table S4.4; and
- (c) giving the information from such results and assessments as may be required by the forms specified in those tables.

4.2.4 The operator shall, unless notice under this condition has been served within the preceding four years, submit to the Environment Agency, within six months of receipt of a written notice, a report assessing whether there are other appropriate measures that could be taken to prevent, or where that is not practicable, to minimise pollution.

4.2.5 Within one month of the end of each quarter, the operator shall submit to the Environment Agency using the form made available for the purpose, the information specified on the form relating to the site and the waste accepted and removed from it during the previous year.

4.3 Notifications

4.3.1 In the event:

- (a) that the operation of the activities gives rise to an incident or accident which significantly affects or may significantly affect the environment, the operator must immediately—
 - (i) inform the Environment Agency,
 - (ii) take the measures necessary to limit the environmental consequences of such an incident or accident, and
 - (iii) take the measures necessary to prevent further possible incidents or accidents;
- (b) of a breach of any permit condition the operator must immediately—
 - (i) inform the Environment Agency, and
 - (ii) take the measures necessary to ensure that compliance is restored within the shortest possible time;
- (c) of a breach of permit condition which poses an immediate danger to human health or threatens to cause an immediate significant adverse effect on the environment, the operator must immediately suspend the operation of the activities or the relevant part of it until compliance with the permit conditions has been restored.

4.3.2 Any information provided under condition 4.3.1 shall be confirmed by sending the information listed in schedule 5 to this permit within the time period specified in that schedule.

4.3.3 Where the Environment Agency has requested in writing that it shall be notified when the operator is to undertake monitoring and/or spot sampling, the operator shall inform the Environment Agency when the relevant monitoring and/or spot sampling is to take place. The operator shall provide this information to the Environment Agency at least 14 days before the date the monitoring is to be undertaken.

4.3.4 The Environment Agency shall be notified within 14 days of the occurrence of the following matters, except where such disclosure is prohibited by Stock Exchange rules:

Where the operator is a registered company:

- (a) any change in the operator's trading name, registered name or registered office address; and
- (b) any steps taken with a view to the operator going into administration, entering into a company voluntary arrangement or being wound up.

Where the operator is a corporate body other than a registered company:

- (a) any change in the operator's name or address; and
- (b) any steps taken with a view to the dissolution of the operator.

In any other case:

- (a) the death of any of the named operators (where the operator consists of more than one named individual);
- (b) any change in the operator's name(s) or address(es); and
- (c) any steps taken with a view to the operator, or any one of them, going into bankruptcy, entering into a composition or arrangement with creditors, or, in the case of them being in a partnership, dissolving the partnership.

4.3.5 Where the operator proposes to make a change in the nature or functioning, or an extension of the activities, which may have consequences for the environment and the change is not otherwise the subject of an application for approval under the Regulations or this permit:

- (a) the Environment Agency shall be notified at least 14 days before making the change; and

(b) the notification shall contain a description of the proposed change in operation.

4.3.6 The Environment Agency shall be given at least 14 days notice before implementation of any part of the site closure plan.

4.4 Interpretation

4.4.1 In this permit the expressions listed in schedule 6 shall have the meaning given in that schedule.

4.4.2 In this permit references to reports and notifications mean written reports and notifications, except where reference is made to notification being made "immediately, in which case it may be provided by telephone.

Schedule 1 – Operations

Table S1.1 activities			
Activity reference	Activity listed in Schedule 1 of the EP Regulations	Description of specified activity and WFD Annex I and II operations	Limits of specified activity and waste types
AR1	Section 5.6 A(1)(a) Temporary storage of hazardous waste in a facility with a total capacity exceeding 50 tonnes pending any of the activities listed in Section 5.1, 5.2 and 5.3	Storage of hazardous waste pending on-site treatment or off-site transfer R13: Storage of waste pending any of the operations numbered R1 to R12 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where it is produced)	From receipt and storage of hazardous waste on site to its treatment or repackaging on site; or its transfer off-site. Waste types suitable for acceptance are limited to those specified in Table S2.2. Lamps shall be stored in rigid lidded, leakproof and weatherproof containers. The storage capacity for lamps shall not exceed 0.6 tonnes at any one time. The storage capacity for CRT and flat panel display equipment shall not exceed 1 tonne at any one time. CRT equipment shall be stored in cages, bulk bags or securely on pallets to prevent breakage. All flat panel display equipment shall be stored in cages, stillages or securely on pallets. Flat panel display equipment which may contain cold cathode fluorescent backlights shall be stored under weatherproof covering. All batteries shall be stored in either appropriate weatherproof containers, or in appropriate containers within a building on an impermeable surface with a sealed drainage system. Lead acid batteries shall be stored upright with terminals taped off or capped, in acid proof containers to prevent leaks and short circuits. All other hazardous waste storage pending treatment shall not exceed 6 months, without prior written approval from the Environment Agency. Storage of hazardous waste pending treatment or transfer shall not exceed 100 tonnes at any one time.
	Waste Operations		
Activity reference	Description of activities for waste operations		Limits of activities
AR2 - Hazardous Waste Treatment	R3: Recycling/reclamation of organic substances which are not used as solvents		Treatment operations shall be limited to: Treatment consisting only of sorting, separation, grading, shearing,

	R4: Recycling/reclamation of metals and metal compounds R5: Recycling/reclamation of other inorganic materials D15: Storage pending any of the operations numbered D 1 to D 14 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where the waste is produced)	shredding, baling, compaction, crushing, granulation or cutting of - hazardous waste into different components for recovery. • Treatment in shredders of metal waste, including WEEE and their components for recovery • Repair and refurbishment of WEEE • Treatment capacity (excluding repair and refurbishment) shall not exceed 10 tonnes/day Treatment must take place within a building on an impermeable surface with a sealed drainage system. Liquids must be removed prior to mechanical treatment External batteries (including powerpacks) and internal batteries designed to be accessible by the user must be removed prior to mechanical treatment Treatment of catalytic converters shall be limited to decanning, sorting and separating from other wastes, and repackaging for third party processing. There shall be no treatment of: • batteries, • fluorescent tubes, • cathode ray tubes (CRT), • Flat panel displays (FPD) • photovoltaic panels • time expired pyrotechnics (TEP) • Waste Temperature Exchange Equipment (WTEE) • Fire Extinguishers containing halon • ELV components that are hazardous waste other than sorting and separating from other wastes, repair and refurbishment of WEEE, and repackaging for third party processing. Unless proven otherwise, foam discharged from fire extinguishers shall be assumed to contain Persistent Organic Pollutants and must be disposed of accordingly. All batteries shall be stored in either appropriate weatherproof containers, or in appropriate containers within a building on an impermeable surface with a sealed drainage system. Lead acid batteries shall be stored upright with terminals taped off or capped in acid proof containers to prevent leaks and short circuits. Nickel metal hydride (Ni-MH) batteries shall be stored in a way that will prevent them being damaged.
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		Subject to any other requirements of this permit, wastes shall be stored for no longer than 6 months. Waste types suitable for acceptance are limited to those specified in Table S2.2.
AR3 - Non Hazardous Waste Treatment	R3: Recycling/reclamation of organic substances which are not used as solvents R4: Recycling/reclamation of metals and metal compounds R5: Recycling/reclamation of other inorganic materials R13: Storage of waste pending any of the operations numbered R1 to R12 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where the waste is produced)	Treatment operations shall be limited to: • Treatment consisting only of sorting, separation, grading, shearing, shredding, baling, compaction, crushing, granulation or cutting of non-hazardous waste into different components for recovery. • Treatment in shredders of metal waste, including WEEE and ELV components for recovery • Treatment capacity shall not exceed 75 tonnes/day Treatment must take place within a building on an impermeable surface with a sealed drainage system. Liquids must be removed prior to mechanical treatment External batteries (including powerpacks) and internal batteries designed to be accessible by the user must be removed prior to mechanical treatment There shall be no treatment of batteries or rail fog detonators, other than sorting and separating from other wastes, and repackaging for third party processing. Li-ion batteries shall be stored to prevent them from: • coming into contact with any liquids • being damaged or shorting • being exposed to high temperatures Treatment of cardboard and nylon shall be restricted to sorting and bailing only for third party processing. Subject to any other requirements of this permit, wastes shall be stored for no longer than 6 months. Waste types suitable for acceptance are limited to those specified in Table S2.3.

Table S1.2 Operating techniques		
Description	Parts	Date Received
Application EPR/FB3702UD/V003	Response to Section 3a, Part C3 Application Form – Technical Standards: - Waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE): appropriate measures for permitted facilities; and - Treating metal waste in shredders: appropriate measures for permitted facilities	16/01/2024
Additional information received in response to the Schedule 5 Notice dated 31/05/2024	- Best Available Techniques and Operating Techniques dated June 2024; - Environmental Risk Assessment dated June 2024; - Approved Fire Prevention Plan dated June 2024; - Approved Dust Management Plan dated June 2024.	14/06/2024

Table S1.3 Substances, preparations and components to be removed during treatment from WEEE
- Capacitors containing polychlorinated biphenyls in accordance with Council Directive 96/59/EC of 16 September 1996 on the disposal of polychlorinated biphenyls and polychlorinated terphenyls (PCB/PCT) - Mercury-containing components, such as switches or backlighting lamps - Batteries - Printed circuit boards of mobile phones generally, and of other devices if the surface of the printed circuit board is greater than 10 square centimetres - Toner cartridges, liquid and paste, as well as colour toner - Plastic containing brominated flame retardants - Asbestos waste and components which contain asbestos - Cathode ray tubes - Chlorofluorocarbons (CFC), hydrochlorofluorocarbons (HCFC), hydrofluorocarbons (HFC), or hydrocarbons (HC) - Gas discharge lamps - Liquid crystal displays (together with their casing where appropriate) of a surface greater than 100 square centimetres and all those back-lighted with gas discharge lamps - External electric cables - Components containing refractory ceramic fibres as described in REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. - Components containing radioactive substances with the exception of components that are below the exemption thresholds set in Article 3 of and the Annex I to Council Directive 96/29/Euratom of 13 May 1996 laying down basic safety standards for the protection of the health of workers and the general public against the dangers arising from ionising radiation - Electrolyte capacitors containing “substances of concern” (height > 25mm, diameter > 25mm or proportionately similar volume)

Table S1.4 Specified treatment methods and standards for the treatment of WEEE and components of WEEE	
Treatment of small mixed WEEE	The mechanical treatment of small mixed WEEE must be provided with effective dust extraction and abatement to minimise release of dust. The finest non-metallic fraction must not exceed the following limits: • 1 mg/kg mercury • 100 mg/kg cadmium
Treatment of IT, telecommunications and business equipment	The mechanical treatment of IT, telecommunications and business equipment must be provided with effective dust extraction and abatement to minimise release of dust. The finest non-metallic fraction must not exceed the following limits: • 1 mg/kg mercury • 100 mg/kg cadmium

Table S1.5 Improvement programme requirements		
Reference	Requirement	Date
IC3 emissions inventory and H1	The operator shall submit a written report to the Environment Agency for approval that proposes a monitoring programme to characterise and assess the facility's point source emissions to air in accordance with the Emissions monitoring and limits appropriate measures of technical guidance Waste electrical and electronic equipment: appropriate measures for permitted facilities, dated 13 July 2022 and Treating metal waste in shredders: appropriate measures for permitted facilities, dated 22 October 2021. The report shall detail the parameters and substances that will be tested for, the monitoring methods and equipment that will be used, and a timetable for undertaking the monitoring. The monitoring programme shall be carried out as approved by the Environment Agency. A written report shall submitted to the Environment Agency for approval detailing the results and conclusions of the emissions monitoring and assessment undertaken, including a completed H1 Environmental Risk Assessment and proposals for any ongoing monitoring or further assessment.	Submission of written report proposing monitoring programme Issue date + 2 months. Submission of subsequent written report detailing monitoring and assessment results Issue date + 6 months.

Schedule 2 – Waste types, raw materials and fuels

Table S2.1 Raw materials and fuels	
Raw materials and fuel description	Specification
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Table S2.2 Permitted waste types and quantities for AR1 and AR2 Activities – Hazardous waste treatment and storage	
Maximum Quantities	The total quantity of waste accepted at the site for storage and treatment under AR1, AR2 and AR3 shall not exceed 70,000 tonnes per year.
Exclusions	Wastes having any of the following characteristics shall not be accepted: Consisting solely or mainly of dusts, powders or loose fibres
Waste code	Description
16	WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST
16 01	end-of-life vehicles from different means of transport (including off-road machinery) and wastes from dismantling of end-of-life vehicles and vehicle maintenance (except 13, 14, 16 06 and 16 08)
16 01 08*	Components containing mercury
16 01 09*	Components containing PCBS
16 01 10*	Explosive components
16 01 21*	hazardous components other than those mentioned in 16 01 07 to 16 01 11 and 16 01 13 and 16 01 14
16 02	discarded equipment and its components
16 02 13*	Discarded equipment containing hazardous components other than those mentioned in 16 02
16 02 15*	Hazardous components removed from discarded equipment
16 04	Waste explosive
16 04 02*	Fireworks wastes
16 05	Gases in pressure containers and discarded chemical
16 05 04*	Gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances
16 06	batteries and accumulators
16 06 01*	lead batteries
16 06 02*	Ni-Cd batteries
16 06 03*	Mercury-containing batteries
17	CONSTRUCTION AND DEMOLITION WASTES (INCLUDING EXCAVATED SOIL FROM CONTAMINATED SITES)
17 02	Wood, glass and plastic
17 02 04*	Glass, plastic and wood containing or contaminated with hazardous substances
17 04	17 04 Metals (including their alloys)
17 04 10*	Cables containing oil, coal tar and other hazardous substances
20	MUNICIPAL WASTES (HOUSEHOLD WASTE AND SIMILAR COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL AND INSTITUTIONAL WASTES) INCLUDING SEPARATELY COLLECTED FRACTIONS

20 01	separately collected fractions (except 15 01)
20 01 21*	fluorescent tubes and other mercury-containing waste
20 01 33*	batteries and accumulators included in 16 06 01, 16 06 02 or 16 06 03 and unsorted batteries and accumulators containing these batteries
20 01 35*	discarded electrical and electronic equipment other than those mentioned in 20 01 21 and 20 01 23 containing hazardous components

Table S2.3 Permitted waste types and quantities for AR3 Activity – Non-hazardous waste treatment and storage

Maximum Quantities	The total quantity of waste accepted at the site for storage and treatment under AR1, AR2 and AR3 shall not exceed 70,000 tonnes per year.
Exclusions	Wastes having any of the following characteristics shall not be accepted: Consisting solely or mainly of dusts, powders or loose fibres
Waste Code	Description
02	WASTES FROM AGRICULTURE, HORTICULTURE, AQUACULTURE, FORESTRY, HUNTING AND FISHING, FOOD PREPARATION AND PROCESSING
02 01	Wastes from agriculture, horticulture, aquaculture, forestry, hunting and fishing
02 01 04	Waste plastics (except packaging)
03	WASTES FROM WOOD PROCESSING AND THE PRODUCTION OF PANELS AND FURNITURE,
03 03	Wastes from pulp, paper and cardboard production and processing
03 03 07	Mechanically separated rejects from pulping of waste paper and cardboard
03 03 08	Wastes from sorting of paper and cardboard destined for recycling
07	WASTES FROM ORGANIC CHEMICAL PROCESSES
07 02	Wastes from the MFSU of plastics, synthetic rubber and man-made fibres
07 02 13	Waste plastic
12	WASTES FROM SHAPING AND PHYSICAL AND MECHANICAL SURFACE TREATMENT OF METALS AND PLASTICS
12 01	Wastes from shaping and physical and mechanical surface treatment of metals and plastics
12 01 05	Plastics shavings and turnings
15	WASTE PACKAGING, ABSORBENTS, WIPING CLOTHS, FILTER MATERIALS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
15 01	Packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste)
15 01 01	Paper and cardboard packaging
15 01 02	Plastic packaging
16	WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST
16 01	End-of-life vehicles from different means of transport (including off-road machinery) and wastes from dismantling of end-of-life vehicles and vehicle maintenance (except 13, 14, 6 06 and 16 08)

16 01 17	Ferrous metal
16 01 18	Non-ferrous metal
16 01 19	Plastic
16 01 22	Components not otherwise specified
16 02	wastes from electrical and electronic equipment
16 02 14	discarded equipment other than those mentioned in 16 02 09 to 16 02 13
16 02 16	components removed from discarded equipment other than those mentioned in 16 02 15
16 06	batteries and accumulators
16 06 04	alkaline batteries (except 16 06 03)
16 06 05	other batteries and accumulators
17	CONSTRUCTION AND DEMOLITION WASTES (INCLUDING EXCAVATED SOIL FROM CONTAMINATED SITES)
17 02	Wood, glass and plastic
17 02 03	Plastic
17 04	Metals (including their alloys)
17 04 05	Iron and steel
17 04 07	Mixed metals
17 04 11	Cables other than those mentioned in 17 04 10
17 05	Soil (including excavated soil from contaminated sites), stones and dredging spoil
17 05 08	Track ballast other than those mentioned in 17 05 07 - Railing Fog Detonators/ Signals Only
19	19 WASTES FROM WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITIES, OFF-SITE WASTE WATER TREATMENT PLANTS AND THE PREPARATION OF WATER INTENDED FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION AND WATER FOR INDUSTRIAL USE
19 10	Wastes from shredding of metal-containing wastes
19 10 01	iron and steel waste
19 10 02	Non-ferrous waste
19 12 01	Paper and cardboard
19 12 04	Plastic and rubber
20	MUNICIPAL WASTES (HOUSEHOLD WASTE AND SIMILAR COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL AND INSTITUTIONAL WASTES) INCLUDING SEPARATELY COLLECTED FRACTIONS
20 01	separately collected fractions (except 15 01)
20 01 01	Paper and Cardboard
20 01 34	batteries and accumulators other than those mentioned in 20 01 33
20 01 36	discarded electrical and electronic equipment other than those mentioned in 20 01 21, 20 01 23 and 20 01 35
20 01 39	Plastics

20 01 40	Metals
20 03	Other municipal wastes
20 03 07	Bulky waste – metal chairs/toys

Schedule 3 – Emissions and monitoring

Table S3.1 Point source emissions to air – emission limits and monitoring requirements						
Emission point ref. & location	Source	Parameter ^{Note1}	Limit (including unit)	Reference period	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method
A1	Air extraction and abatement system	Dust	5 mg/m ³	Average value of 3 consecutive measurements of at least 30 minutes	6 monthly	EN 13284-1
A2	Air extraction and abatement system	Dust	5 mg/m ³	Average value of 3 consecutive measurements of at least 30 minutes	6 monthly	EN 13284-1

Note 1: An alternative monitoring frequency may be agreed in writing with Environment Agency following completion of IC1, Table S1.5.

Table S3.3 Process monitoring requirements				
Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications
All mechanical treatment of WEEE	Mass balance	Annual		
Finest non-metallic fraction from the mechanical treatment of SMW or IT, telecommunications or business equipment	Mercury	6 monthly		
	Cadmium	6 monthly		

Schedule 4 – Reporting

Table S4.1 Reporting of monitoring data			
Parameter	Emission or monitoring point/reference	Reporting period	Period begins
Emissions to Air Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1	As agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	Every 6 months, or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	1 January

Table S4.2 Annual production/treatment	
Parameter	Units
Metal shredding	
Metal treated	tonnes
Ferrous metal recovered	tonnes
Non-ferrous metal recovered	tonnes
Non-metallic shredder residue	tonnes
WEEE Treatment	
WEEE treated (excluding WTEE)	tonnes
Ferrous metal recovered	tonnes
Non-ferrous metal recovered	tonnes
Other fractions recovered	tonnes
Non-metallic shredder residue	tonnes

Table S4.3 Performance parameters		
Parameter	Frequency of assessment	Units
Water usage	Annually	m ³
Energy usage	Annually	MWh
Total raw material used	Annually	tonne

Table S4.4 Reporting forms		
Media/parameter	Reporting format	Date of form
Air	Form air 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	DD/MM/YY
Water usage	Form water usage 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	DD/MM/YYYY
Energy usage	Form energy 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	DD/MM/YYYY
Other performance indicators	Form performance 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	DD/MM/YYYY
Waste returns	E-waste returns	--

Schedule 5 – Notification

These pages outline the information that the operator must provide.

Units of measurement used in information supplied under Part A and B requirements shall be appropriate to the circumstances of the emission. Where appropriate, a comparison should be made of actual emissions and authorised emission limits.

If any information is considered commercially confidential, it should be separated from non-confidential information, supplied on a separate sheet and accompanied by an application for commercial confidentiality under the provisions of the EP Regulations.

Part A

Permit Number	
Name of operator	
Location of Facility	
Time and date of the detection	

(a) Notification requirements for any malfunction, breakdown or failure of equipment or techniques, accident, or emission of a substance not controlled by an emission limit which has caused, is causing or may cause significant pollution	
To be notified within 24 hours of detection	
Date and time of the event	
Reference or description of the location of the event	
Description of where any release into the environment took place	
Substances(s) potentially released	
Best estimate of the quantity or rate of release of substances	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to stop any emission	
Description of the failure or accident.	

(b) Notification requirements for the breach of a limit	
To be notified within 24 hours of detection unless otherwise specified below	
Emission point reference/ source	
Parameter(s)	
Limit	
Measured value and uncertainty	
Date and time of monitoring	

(b) Notification requirements for the breach of a limit	
To be notified within 24 hours of detection unless otherwise specified below	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to stop the emission	

Time periods for notification following detection of a breach of a limit	
Parameter	Notification period

(c) Notification requirements for the breach of permit conditions not related to limits	
To be notified within 24 hours of detection	
Condition breached	
Date, time and duration of breach	
Details of the permit breach i.e. what happened including impacts observed.	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to restore permit compliance.	

(d) Notification requirements for the detection of any significant adverse environmental effect	
To be notified within 24 hours of detection	
Description of where the effect on the environment was detected	
Substances(s) detected	
Concentrations of substances detected	
Date of monitoring/sampling	

Part B – to be submitted as soon as practicable

Any more accurate information on the matters for notification under Part A.	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to prevent a recurrence of the incident	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to rectify, limit or prevent any pollution of the environment which has been or may be caused by the emission	
The dates of any unauthorised emissions from the facility in the preceding 24 months.	

Name*	
Post	
Signature	
Date	

* authorised to sign on behalf of the operator

Schedule 6 – Interpretation

“accident” means an accident that may result in pollution.

“application” means the application for this permit, together with any additional information supplied by the operator as part of the application and any response to a notice served under Schedule 5 to the EP Regulations.

“authorised officer” means any person authorised by the Environment Agency under section 108(1) of The Environment Act 1995 to exercise, in accordance with the terms of any such authorisation, any power specified in section 108(4) of that Act.

“baling” means baling that utilises a hydraulic machine that using compressive forces compacts various materials into regular-shaped dense bales (typically a cube). Bales may be belted with straps or steel wire to keep the bale in its compacted state; although for most metal bales this is not necessary. Baled scrap metal may be easier to handle, store and transport than loose scrap.

“best available treatment, recovery and recycling techniques” shall have the meaning given to it in the document published jointly by the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs, the Welsh Assembly Government and the Scottish Executive on 27th November 2006, entitled ‘Guidance on Best Available Treatment, Recovery and Recycling Techniques (BATRRT) and Treatment of Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE)’.

“Blowing agent” Blowing agent used in the foam formation process and contained in the insulating foam of a WTEE unit, or other relevant electrical appliance, or insulation panel. Blowing agents are used in the foam formation process and include chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs), hydrochlorofluorocarbons (HCFCs), hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs) and hydrocarbons (HCs).

“compacting” means compacting involving the flattening or crushing of compactable metal wastes to aid storage and economic transportation to the scrap processor; it is often a preparation for shredding. Compacting may be achieved using a waste handler’s loading shovel (known as “tapping”) or specially-designed hydraulic flattener.

“Contained environment” Means an environment where there is atmospheric containment. This includes areas where air egress may only be facilitated through air extraction and blowing agent capture systems

“controlled substances” means chlorofluorocarbons, other fully halogenated chlorofluorocarbons, halons, carbon tetrachloride, 1,1,1-trichloroethane, methyl bromide, hydrobromofluorocarbons and hydrochlorofluorocarbons listed in Annex I of Regulation (EC) No 2037/2000 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 June 2000 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, including their isomers, whether alone or in a mixture, and whether they are virgin, recovered, recycled or reclaimed.

“cutting” means cutting typically utilising either an oxy-acetylene gas cutting torch or abrasive disc cutter to cut and/or resize large pieces of scrap metal into more manageable sizes; powder torches and plasma torches may be used to cut heat-resistant scrap e.g. pig iron, copper, bronze).

“Defective unit” means a WTEE unit that does not have any gas pressure in the cooling circuit.

“disposal” means any of the operations provided for in Annex I to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

“dust” means total particulate matter (in air).

“emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits” means emissions of substances to air, water or land from the activities, either from the emission points specified in schedule 3 or from other localised or diffuse sources, which are not controlled by an emission limit.

“emissions to land” includes emissions to groundwater.

“EP Regulations” means The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations SI 2016 No.1154 and words and expressions used in this permit which are also used in the Regulations have the same meanings as in those Regulations.

“grading” means the sorting of metals to industry-agreed specifications ready for use, without the need for further treatment, by the end consumer to manufacture new metals.

“granulating” means granulated to a very small size with metal/non-metal separation by air classification and flotation.

“groundwater” means all water, which is below the surface of the ground in the saturation zone and in direct contact with the ground or subsoil.

“Hazardous property” has the meaning in Annex III of the Waste Framework Directive.

“Hazardous waste” has the meaning given in the Hazardous Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2005 No.894, the Hazardous Waste (Wales) Regulations 2005 No. 1806 (W.138), the List of Wastes (England) Regulations 2005 No.895 and the List of Wastes (Wales) Regulations 2005 No. 1820 (W.148).

“impermeable surface” means a surface or pavement constructed and maintained to a standard sufficient to prevent the transmission of liquids beyond the pavement surface.

“Independent conformance testing” means independent sampling and testing of residual materials and emission points to confirm whether or not the standards set in the permit for fridge destruction are being fulfilled, carried out by an external laboratory and using accredited methods where they are available.

“Industrial Emissions Directive” means DIRECTIVE 2010/75/EU OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 24 November 2010 on industrial emissions, as read in accordance with Schedule 1A to the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016

“Insulation panel” means rigid polyurethane foam insulation boards, typically removed from the internal and external walls, roofs and ceilings of buildings, cold stores or commercial or domestic cooling equipment, which contain CFC, HCFC, HFC or HC blowing agents.

“List of Wastes” means the list of wastes established by Commission Decision 2000/532/EC replacing Decision 94/3/EC establishing a list of wastes pursuant to Article 1(a) of Council Directive 75/442/EEC on waste and Council Decision 94/904/EC establishing a list of hazardous waste pursuant to Article 1(4) of Council Directive 91/689/EEC on hazardous waste, as amended from time to time.

“Lower Explosive Limit” means the lowest concentration (specified as a percentage) of a combustible gas in air capable of burning in the presence of an ignition source.

“MCERTS” means the Environment Agency’s Monitoring Certification Scheme.

“ozone-depleting substances” “ODS” means “controlled substances” contained in refrigeration, air-conditioning and heat pump equipment (WTEE); equipment containing solvents; fire protection systems and fire extinguishers.

“pests” means Birds, Vermin and Insects.

“quarter” means a calendar year quarter commencing on 1 January, 1 April, 1 July or 1 October.

“recovery” means any of the operations provided for in Annex II to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

“Reference 1” means the International Atomic Energy Agency recommendations in Annex IV of ‘Recommendations on Monitoring and Response Procedures for Radioactive Scrap Metal’, UNECE, 2006.

“Residual materials” means both materials and wastes resulting from the specified operations.

“sealed drainage system” in relation to an impermeable surface, means a drainage system with impermeable components which does not leak and which will ensure that:

- no liquids will run off the surface otherwise than via the system
- all liquids entering the system are collected in a sealed sump, except where liquids may be lawfully discharged.

“separation” means separating wastes into different material types, components and grades.

“shearing” means utilises a range of hydraulic machinery that comprise hard steel blades which cut metals into manageable sizes. It may be hand-held, static or attached to mobile plant (e.g. cranes).

“sorting” means sorting that may be undertaken by hand or machinery. Sorting enables materials to be processed and recycled appropriately. It may involve separation of different waste types or the separation of different metal types including different ferrous metals, non-ferrous metals and non-metallic materials (e.g. paper and plastic). The sorted metals are graded by visual inspection, supplemented by chemical and other laboratory tests. The physical sorting may be assisted by conveyors and electromagnets.

“shredding” includes treatment in plant such as hammer mills, chain mills, rotary shears and other similar equipment that is designed to fragment metal into smaller pieces to allow the separation of the metallic and the non metallic fractions. It does not include shearers and guillotines which utilise a range of hydraulic machinery that comprise hard steel blades to cut metals into manageable sizes.’

“VHC” means volatile hydrocarbon.

“VFC” means volatile (hydro)fluorocarbon, including chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs), hydrochlorofluorocarbons (HCFCs) and hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs).

“Waste code” means the six digit code referable to a type of waste in accordance with the List of Wastes (England) Regulations 2005, or List of Wastes (Wales) Regulations 2005, as appropriate, and in relation to hazardous waste, includes the asterisk.

“Waste Framework Directive” or “WFD” means Waste Framework Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste, as read in accordance with Schedule 1A to the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016.

“waste motor vehicle” means a wheeled vehicle for use on land and that does not operate on rails that is waste within the meaning of Article 3(1) of the Waste framework Directive.

“WEEE” means waste electrical and electronic equipment.

“WEEE Directive” means Directive 2012/19/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4th July 2012 on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE).

“year” means calendar year ending 31 December.

Where a minimum limit is set for any emission parameter, for example pH, reference to exceeding the limit shall mean that the parameter shall not be less than that limit.

Unless otherwise stated, any references in this permit to concentrations of substances in emissions into air means:

- in relation to emissions from combustion processes, the concentration in dry air at a temperature of 273K, at a pressure of 101.3 kPa and with an oxygen content of 3% dry for liquid and gaseous fuels, 6% dry for solid fuels; and/or
- in relation to emissions from non-combustion sources, the concentration at a temperature of 273K and at a pressure of 101.3 kPa, with no correction for water vapour content.

Schedule 7 – Site plan



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END OF PERMIT

Permit Number: AB1234CD **Operator:** [Operator name]
Facility: [Facility name] **Form Number:** Air1 / DD/MM/YY

Reporting of emissions to air for the period from DD/MM/YYYY to DD/MM/YYYY

Emission Point	Substance / Parameter	Emission Limit Value	Reference Period	Result [1]	Test Method [2]	Sample Date and Times [3]	Uncertainty [4]

[1] The result given is the maximum value (or the minimum value in the case of a limit that is expressed as a minimum) obtained during the reporting period, expressed in the same terms as the emission limit value. Where the emission limit value is expressed as a range, the result is given as the 'minimum – maximum' measured values.

[2] Where an internationally recognised standard test method is used the reference number is given. Where another method that has been formally agreed with the Environment Agency is used, then the appropriate identifier is given. In other cases the principal technique is stated, for example gas chromatography.

[3] For non-continuous measurements the date and time of the sample that produced the result is given. For continuous measurements the percentage of the process operating time covered by the result is given.

[4] The uncertainty associated with the quoted result at the 95% confidence interval, unless otherwise stated.

Signed

Date.....

(Authorised to sign as representative of Operator)

Permit Number: **AB1234CD**

Operator: **[Operator name]**

Facility: **[Facility name]**

Form Number: **WaterUsage1 / DD/MM/YY**

Reporting of Water Usage for the year

Water Source	Usage (m³/year)	Specific Usage (m³/unit output)
Mains water		
Site borehole		
River abstraction		
TOTAL WATER USAGE		

Operator's comments:

Signed

Date.....

(authorised to sign as representative of Operator)

Permit Number: **AB1234CD**

Operator: **[Operator name]**

Facility: **[Facility name]**

Form Number: **Energy1 / DD/MM/YY**

Reporting of Energy Usage for the year

Energy Source	Energy Usage		Specific Usage (MWh/unit output)
	Quantity	Primary Energy (MWh)	
Electricity *	MWh		
Natural Gas	MWh		
Gas Oil	tonnes		
Recovered Fuel Oil	tonnes		
Biogas	tonnes		
TOTAL	-		

* Conversion factor for delivered electricity to primary energy = 2.4

Operator's comments:

Signed

Date.....

(Authorised to sign as representative of Operator)

Permit Number: AB1234CD

Operator: [Operator name]

Facility: [Facility name]

Form Number: Performance1 / DD/MM/YY

Reporting of other performance indicators for the period DD/MM/YYYY to DD/MM/YYYY

Parameter	Units
Total raw material used	tonnes

Operator's comments:

Signed

Date.....

(Authorised to sign as representative of Operator)