

Notice of variation with introductory note

The Environmental Permitting (England & Wales) Regulations 2010

Redcar Bulk Terminal Limited
Teesside Integrated Iron and Steelworks
Redcar
Cleveland
TS10 5QW

Variation application number

EPR/QP3338HU/V004

Permit number

EPR/QP3338HU

Teesside Integrated Iron and Steelworks

Permit number EPR/QP3338HU

Introductory note

This introductory note does not form a part of the notice

The following notice gives notice of the variation of an environmental permit.

The operator has applied for a variation to add a bespoke waste operation to the installation permit. The bespoke waste operation is for the storage only of uncontaminated furnace ready scrap metal for the purpose of recovery. The annual throughput for the waste operation is 70,000 tonnes a year. An additional site plan is added to the permit through this variation to show the permitted area of the waste operations at the site.

The schedules specify the changes made to the original permit.

The status log of a permit sets out the permitting history, including any changes to the permit reference number.

Status log of the permit		
Description	Date	Comments
Application EPR/BK0493IP/A001 received	Duly made 31/08/01	
Schedule 4 notice issued	29/11/01	Response date 30/01/02
Schedule 4 notice issued	22/03/02	Response date 24/03/02
Schedule 4 notice issued	24/05/02	Response date 29/08/02
Permit EPR/BK0493IP issued	19/08/04	
Variation EPR/BK0493IP/V002 (ZP3730BP) issued	27/10/04	
Variation EPR/BK0493IP/V003 (TP3939BV) Section 17(1) issued	05/11/04	
Variation EPR/BK0493IP/V004 (UP3135SH) Section 17(1) issued	30/11/04	
Variation EPR/BK0493IP/V005 (XP3231SG) issued	20/07/05	
Variation EPR/BK0493IP/V006 (UP3739XF) issued	18/12/07	
Variation EPR/BK0493IP/V007 (FP3634XK) issued	25/07/08	
Name change	27/09/10	
Application EPR/QP3338HU/T001 (partial transfer of permit EPR/BK0493IP)	20/10/10	
Transfer determined EPR/QP3338HU	24/03/11	
Application EPR/QP3338HU/V002 (variation no consolidation)	Duly made 23/03/12	Application made by Harsco Metals Group Limited to incorporate additional land into the permit boundary and to carry out metal cutting operations on this additional land
Variation determined EPR/QP3338HU	20/07/12	Varied permit issued

Status log of the permit		
Description	Date	Comments
Notified of change of registered office address	22/01/16	Registered office address changed to Lackenby Main Office, Lackenby Works, Middlesbrough, TS6 7RP
Variation issued EPR/QP3338HU/V003	03/02/16	Varied permit issued to Redcar Bulk Terminal Limited
Application EPR/QP3338HU/V004 (variation)	Duly made 13/06/16	Application to vary the permit to add a bespoke waste operation for the storage of uncontaminated furnace ready scrap metal.
Variation determined EPR/QP3338HU (PAS billing ref: LP3738DM)	01/07/16	Notice of variation issued.

Other Part A installation permits relating to this installation		
Operator	Permit number	Date of issue
British Steel Limited	EPR/FP3436AT	31/07/15
Harsco Metals Group Limited	EPR/PP3338MT	14/12/06
Sahaviriya Steel Industries UK Limited	EPR/JP3638HM	24/03/11

End of introductory note

Notice of variation

The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2010

The Environment Agency in exercise of its powers under regulation 20 of the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2010 varies

Permit number

EPR/QP3338HU

Issued to

Redcar Bulk Terminal Limited ("the operator")

whose registered office is

**Lackenby Main Office
Lackenby Works
Middlesbrough
TS6 7RP**

company registration number 07402297

to operate a regulated facility at

**Teesside Integrated Iron and Steelworks
Redcar
Cleveland
TS10 5QW**

to the extent set out in the schedules.

The notice shall take effect from 01/07/2016

Name	Date
Liz Ebbs	01/07/2016

Authorised on behalf of the Environment Agency

Schedule 1 – conditions to be deleted

None

Schedule 2 – conditions to be amended

The following conditions are amended as a result of the application made by the operator

Condition 1.1.1

- 1.1.1 The Operator is authorised to carry out the activities and the associated activities specified in Table 1.1.1 and Table 1.1.2.

Table 1.1.1

Activity listed in Schedule 1 of the PPC Regulations / Associated Activity	Description of specified activity	Limits of specified activity
2.1 A(1) (d)	Iron ore storage and handling	From receipt of materials to their dispatch to process.
3.5 B (b) (iii)	Loading/unloading coal and coke	From receipt of materials to their dispatch to process.
3.5 B (b) (ii)	Unloading, transport, storage and treatment of raw materials	From receipt of materials to their dispatch to process.

Table 1.1.2

Description of activities for waste operations	Limits of activities
R13: Storage of waste pending any of the operations numbered R1 to R12 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where the waste is produced)	Storage of uncontaminated furnace ready scrap metal. Wastes shall be stored for no longer than 3 years prior to recovery. Waste types as specified in Table 2.1.4.

Condition 1.2.1

- 1.2.1 The activities authorised under condition 1.1.1, Table 1.1.1 shall not extend beyond the Site, being the land shown edged in light blue and shaded with purple on Drawing number: A-118724 on the Site Plan in Schedule 5 of this permit. The activities authorised under condition 1.1.1, Table 1.1.2 shall not extend beyond the Site, being the land shown edged in red on Drawing number: A-116705 on the Site Plan in Schedule 5 of this permit.

Condition 2.1.1 and Table 2.1.1 referenced in this condition

- 2.1.1 The Permitted Installation shall, subject to the conditions of this Permit, be operated using the techniques and in the manner described in the documentation specified in Table 2.1.1, or as otherwise agreed in writing by the Agency in accordance with conditions 1.5.1 and 1.5.2 of this Permit.

Table 2.1.1: Operating techniques

Description	Parts	Date Received
Application	The response to questions 2.1, 2.2 and 2.3 given in section B2.1. B2.2 and B2.3 of the application	31 August 2001
Responses to 1 st Schedule 4 notice issued dated 29 November 2001	Response to all questions	30/01/02
Responses to 2 nd Schedule 4 notice issued dated 22 March 2002	Response to all questions	30/05/02
Responses to 3 rd Schedule 4 notice issued dated 24 May 2002	Response to all questions	30/09/02 and 25/10/02
Application for variation ZP3730BP		
Application for variation EPR/QP3338HU/V004 (bespoke waste operation for the storage of uncontaminated furnace ready scrap metal)	- Bespoke risk assessment for scrap handling at Redcar Bulk Terminal Limited dated 10/06/16 - Redcar Bulk Terminal Environmental Method Statement (version 3, 21 June 2016)	13/06/16 21/06/16

Table 2.5.2 referenced in Condition 2.5.5.

TABLE 2.5.2: Waste stored on site

Description of Waste	Location of Storage	Manner of Storage	Storage Conditions
Liquid wastes including Waste Oil	Segregated and labelled locations clearly defined and identified in the Site Environmental Management System	Stored in liquid-retaining, covered containers of sufficient strength and structural integrity to ensure that they are unlikely to burst or leak in ordinary use.	All liquid storage containers to be clearly marked and must be situated within an impermeable secondary containment system that would contain at least 110% of the contents of the largest single container located therein.
Solid wastes which are likely to produce contaminated or polluting run-off i.e. non-inert wastes.	Segregated and labelled locations clearly defined and identified in the Site Environmental Management System	- Stored in sealed containers; or - Stored in covered shelters or roofed areas; or - Stored in bays	Stored in areas with impermeable hard standing which shall be constructed and maintained so as to prevent fluids running off the hard standing and the transmission of fluids through the hard standing or joints.
Waste code 19 12 02 ferrous metal consisting of uncontaminated furnace ready scrap metal	The land shown edged in red on Drawing number: A-116705 on the Site Plan in Schedule 5 of this permit	As detailed in the Redcar Bulk Terminal Environmental Method Statement (version 3, 21 June 2016)	As detailed in the Redcar Bulk Terminal Environmental Method Statement (version 3, 21 June 2016)

Condition 6.1.1

6.1.1 In this Permit, the following expressions shall have the following meanings:-

“Application” means the application for Permit EPR/BK0493IP or this permit EPR/QP3338HU, together with any response to a notice served under Schedule 5 to the EP Regulations and any operational change agreed under the conditions of the Permit.

“accident” means an accident that may result in pollution.

“Annex I” means Annex I to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

“Annex II” means Annex II to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

“authorised officer” means any person authorised by the Environment Agency under section 108(1) of The Environment Act 1995 to exercise, in accordance with the terms of any such authorisation, any power specified in section 108(4) of that Act.

“Background concentration” means such concentration of that substance as is present in:

- water supplied to the site; or
- where more than 50% of the water used at the site is directly abstracted from ground or surface water on site, the abstracted water; or
- where the Permitted Installation uses no significant amount of supplied or abstracted water, the precipitation on to the site.

“BAT” means best available techniques means the most effective and advanced stage of development of activities and their methods of operation which indicates the practical suitability of particular techniques to prevent and where that is not practicable to reduce emissions and the impact on the environment as a whole. For these purposes: “available techniques” means “those techniques which have been developed on a scale which allows implementation in the relevant industrial sector, under economically and technically viable conditions, taking into consideration the cost and advantages, whether or not the techniques are used or produced inside the United Kingdom, as long as they are reasonably accessible to the operator”; “best” means “in relation to techniques, the most effective in achieving a high general level of protection of the environment as a whole” and “techniques” “includes both the technology used and the way in which the installation is designed, built, maintained, operated and decommissioned.”. In addition, Schedule 2 of the PPC Regulations has effect in relation to the determination of BAT.

“BFG” means Blast Furnace Gas.

“BOS” means Basic Oxygen Steelmaking

“Carbonising time” means the time between coal being charged into an oven and the time when coke is then discharged from the same oven;

“CEMs” means Continuous Emission Monitors

“COG” means coke oven gas

“Controlled waters” has the same meaning as in Part III of the Water Resources Act 1991.

“Day” means any period of 24 consecutive hours commencing at 06:00hrs;

“Dioxins” means the family of compounds comprising polychlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxins (PCDDs) and polychlorinated dibenzofurans (PCDFs). Reporting of dioxins are expressed in terms of international toxic equivalents (I-TEQ) referenced to 2,3,7,8-TCDD.

“Dioxins in the integrated iron and steelmaking process” Refers to the publication dioxins in the integrated iron and steelmaking process by R Fisher and DR Anderson, Corus R, D & T, Environment Department, Swindon Technology Centre, Rotherham.

“Directive 96/59/EC” is a Council Directive of 16 September 1996 on the disposal of Polychlorinated Biphenyls and Polychlorinated Terphenyls (PCB/PCT).

“*DLCF*” means Door leakage Control factor which is a relative measure of the visible fugitive releases from around the seal on the coke oven doors and is used to assess fugitive releases from the coke oven doors. This assessment technique is described in the Agreed Uniform Technique, British Carbonisation Research Association (BCRA) Special Publication No.19 April 1977;

“*EPAQS*” means Expert Panel on Air Quality Standards.

“*EP Regulations*” means The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations SI 2010 No.675 and words and expressions used in this permit which are also used in the Regulations have the same meanings as in those Regulations.

“*Fugitive emission*” means an emission to air or water (including sewer) from the Permitted Installation which is not controlled by an emission or background concentration limit.

“*GJ*” means gigajoule

“*Groundwater*” means all water which is below the surface of the ground in the saturation zone and in direct contact with the ground or subsoil.

“*Guidance Note S2 1.06*” means the Chief Inspectors Guidance Note S2 1.06 Carbonisation Processes: coke Manufacture London: HMSO September 1995;

“*Insignificance*” The Technical Guidance Note H1, “Environmental Assessment and Appraisal of BAT” contains a definition of insignificance although other definitions may be acceptable to the Environment Agency.

“*Land Protection Guidance*” means the version of the Agency guidance note “H7 - *Guidance on the Protection of Land under the PPC Regime: Application Site Report and Site Protection and Monitoring Programme*”, including its appended templates for data reporting, which is current at the time of issue of the Permit.

“*L_{Aeq,T}*” means the equivalent continuous A-weighted sound pressure level in dB determined over time period, T.

“*L_{A90, T}*” means the A-weighted sound pressure level in dB exceeded for 90% of the time period, T.

“*L_{AFmax}*” means the maximum A weighted sound level measurement in dB measured with a fast time weighting.

“*LCP*” has the same meaning as is given to “combustion plant” in the Directive.

“*LCPD*” means Large Combustion Plant Directive [Directive 2001/80/EC].

“*List of Wastes*” means the list of wastes established by Commission Decision 2000/532/EC replacing Decision 94/3/EC establishing a list of wastes pursuant to Article 1(a) of Council Directive 75/442/EEC on waste and Council Decision 94/904/EC establishing a list of hazardous waste pursuant to Article 1(4) of Council Directive 91/689/EEC on hazardous waste, as amended from time to time.

“*Month*” means a Redcar Bulk Terminal integrated iron and steelworks monthly reporting period

“*MCERTS*” means the Environment Agency’s Monitoring Certification Scheme.

“*MCR*” means *maximum continuous rating*.

“*MEF*” means the Mass Emission Factor that is used to assess releases from charging coal into coke ovens and is a relative measure of the fugitive releases from this operation. This assessment technique is described in the Chief Inspectors Guidance Note S2 1.06 Carbonisation Processes: Coke Manufacture London: HMSO September 1995.

“*Monitoring*” includes the taking and analysis of samples, instrumental measurements (periodic and continual), calibrations, examinations, tests and surveys.

“*NAQ*” means the National Air Quality Regulations 1997, SI 3043 (as amended).

“*NAQS*” means the National Air Quality Strategy.

“NERP Register” means the register maintained by the Environment Agency in accordance with regulation 6(1) of the Large Combustion Plants (National Emission Reduction Plan) Regulations 2007.

“NO₂” means all oxides of, excluding dinitrogen oxide, expressed as NO₂

“NO_x” or “Oxides of Nitrogen” means nitric oxide (NO) and nitrogen dioxide (NO₂) (expressed as nitrogen dioxide).

“PAH” refers to the use of benzo[a]pyrene {B[a]P} which acts as a representative marker substance for this wide range of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons;

“PAH’s” means Anthracene, Fluorene, Napthalene, Phenanthrene, Benzo[ghi]perylene, Acenaphthylene, Acenaphthene, Fluoranthene, Pyrene, Chrysene, Benz[a]anthracene, Benzo[b]fluoranthene, Benzo[k]fluoranthene, Benzo[a]pyrene, Dibenz[ah]anthracene, Indeno [1,2,3-cd] pyrene in any combination or singly, expressed as Benzo[a]pyrene.

“PEF” means the Pushing Emission Factor that is used to assess releases to air from emptying (pushing) a coke oven and is a relative measure of the visible fugitive releases that may occur while coke is being pushed out of an oven into the coke car and taken to be quenched. This assessment technique is described in the Chief Inspectors Guidance Note S2 1.06 Carbonisation Processes: Coke Manufacture London: HMSO September 1995.

“Permitted Installation” means the activities and the limits to those activities described in Table 1.1.1 of this Permit.

“PM₁₀s” means particles with a mean equivalent diameter of 10 microns or less.

“Potential dust source” shall mean a source within the Authorised Process that may cause the release to air of particulate matter which may subsequently be deposited, either directly or indirectly, on land outside the process boundary.

“PPC Regulations” means the Pollution, Prevention and Control (England and Wales) Regulations SI 2000 No.1973 (as amended) and words and expressions defined in the PPC Regulations shall have the same meanings when used in this Permit save to the extent they are specifically defined in this Permit.

“Prescribed substance” means any substance prescribed in Schedule 5 to the Environmental Protection (Prescribed Processes and Substances) regulations (SI 1991/472).

“Public sewer” has the same meaning as in the Water Industry Act 1991

“Quarter” means a period of three consecutive months (Quarter 1 means 1st January to 31st March, Quarter 2 means 1st April to 30th June, Quarter 3 means 1st July to 30th September, and Quarter 4 means 1st October to 31st December).

“R” means a recovery operation provided for in Annex II to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

“Relevant environmental standards” includes NAQ standards or objectives, existing and proposed EU Air Quality Limit Values and EPAQS proposals or EPAQS published standards.

“Relevant wastes/release” means all wastes, other than releases into the air, controlled waters, any on-site effluent treatment system or any public sewer, arising from the Authorised Process.

“Reporting Address” means the address for reporting purposes from time to time notified in writing to the Operator by the Environment Agency.

“Ringlemann Shade Numbers” Ringlemann Shade numbers for visible smoke refer to an assessment made with either the Ringlemann Chart or miniature smoke chart, in accordance with BS 2742: 1969, as amended.

“Sewer” means sewer within the meaning of section 219(1) of the Water Industry Act 1991.

“Significant water use activity” means any activity carried out at a specific location as part of the Authorised Process that in any 12-month period uses more than 1000m³ of water.

“*Significant source*” shall mean a potential dust source where the direct or indirect deposition of particulate matter from that source causes harm as defined in section 1(4) of the 1990 Act.

“*SLEMS*” Refers to the Solids and Liquids Environmental Management System.

“*SO₂*” means sulphur dioxide.

“*Staff*” includes employees, directors or other officers of the Operator, and any other person under the Operator’s direct or indirect control, including contractors.

“*Sticker oven*” means an oven that cannot be discharged with the ram beam without significant prior manual treatment of the coke batch.

“*Substance prescribed for water*” means a substance prescribed by regulation 6(2) of the Environmental Protection (Prescribed Processes and Substances) Regulations 1991 (S.I. 1991/472) and set out in Schedule 5 to those regulations.

“*Substitute Fuel Oil*” means Recovered fuel oil or a waste oil. The Substitute Fuel Oil shall meet the following minimum specification: a maximum of 1% Sulphur, max 10ppm PCB, max 0.3% Chlorine and a specific gravity in the range 0.885 to 0.95.

“*TLCF*” means the Top Leakage Control factor which is a relative measure of the visible fugitive releases from all potential release points on top of the coke oven battery and is used to assess fugitive releases from the coke oven battery charging lids. This assessment technique is described in the Agreed Uniform Technique, British Carbonisation Research association (BCRA) Special Publication No. 19 April 1977.

“*uncontaminated*” means not containing nor contaminated with potentially polluting material.

“*VOCs*” mean any volatile organic compound capable of being released to air as a gaseous release.

“*Waste code*” means the six digit code referable to a type of waste in accordance with the List of Wastes and in relation to hazardous waste, includes the asterisk.

“*Waste Framework Directive*” or “*WFD*” means Waste Framework Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

“*waste oil*” means any mineral-based lubrication or industrial oil that has become unfit for the use for which it was originally intended.

“*week*” means any period of 7 consecutive days commencing at 06.00 hours on Sunday morning.

“*year*” means calendar year.

The following definitions are for use with continuous measurement systems such as CEMs:

“*Valid hourly average*” means the measured hourly average value. To allow some discretion for zero and span gas checking, or cleaning (by flushing), an hourly average period will count as valid as long as data has been accumulated for at least two thirds of the period (40 minutes). Such discretionary periods are not to exceed more than 5 in any one 24-hour period unless agreed in writing. Where plant may be operating for less than the 24-hour period such discretionary periods not to exceed more than one quarter of the overall valid hourly average periods unless agreed in writing.

“*Validated hourly average*” means the valid hourly average after having subtracted the relevant 95% confidence interval specified in Annex VIII of the LCPD. (see condition 2.2.1.5.1)

“*Validated daily average*” means the daily average derived from the validated hourly averages in a defined 24 –hour period.

“*Invalid hourly average*” means an hourly average period invalidated due to malfunction of or maintenance work being carried out on the continuous measurement system.

“Invalidated daily average” means any day in which more than three hourly averages are invalid (due to malfunction of or maintenance work being carried out on the continuous measurement system).

Schedule 3 – conditions to be added

The following conditions are added as a result of the application made by the operator

Condition 1.3.2

1.3.2 The operator shall comply with the requirements of an approved competence scheme.

Condition 1.8, Condition 1.8.1 and Condition 1.8.2

1.8 Avoidance, recovery and disposal of wastes produced by the activities

1.8.1 The operator shall take appropriate measures to ensure that:

- (a) the waste hierarchy referred to in Article 4 of the Waste Framework Directive is applied to the generation of waste by the activities; and
- (b) any waste generated by the activities is treated in accordance with the waste hierarchy referred to in Article 4 of the Waste Framework Directive; and
- (c) where disposal is necessary, this is undertaken in a manner which minimises its impact on the environment.

1.8.2 The operator shall review and record at least every four years whether changes to those measures should be made and take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

Condition 2.1.3, Condition 2.1.4 and Table 2.1.4 referenced in Condition 2.1.4

2.1.3 If notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution, the operator shall submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a revision of any plan or other documentation (“plan”) specified in schedule 1, table 2.1.1 or otherwise required under this permit which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution relevant to that plan, and shall implement the approved revised plan in place of the original from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

2.1.4 Waste shall only be accepted if:

- (d) it is of a type and quantity listed in table 2.1.4; and
- (e) it conforms to the description in the documentation supplied by the producer and holder.

Table 2.1.4 Permitted waste types and quantities for storage of uncontaminated furnace ready scrap metal	
Maximum quantity	The total quantity of waste accepted at the site for the above activity shall be less than 70,000 tonnes a year.
Waste code	Description
19	Wastes from waste management facilities, off-site waste water treatment plants and the preparation of water intended for human consumption and water for industrial use
19 12	wastes from the mechanical treatment of waste (for example sorting, crushing, compacting, pelletising) not otherwise specified
19 12 02	ferrous metal consisting of uncontaminated furnace ready scrap metal

Condition 2.2.6.2 and Condition 2.2.6.3

- 2.2.6.2 Emissions from the activities shall be free from odour at levels likely to cause pollution outside the site, as perceived by an authorised officer of the Environment Agency, unless the operator has used appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved odour management plan, to prevent or where that is not practicable to minimise the odour.
- 2.2.6.3 The operator shall:
- (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution outside the site due to odour, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, an odour management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from odour;
 - (b) implement the approved odour management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

Condition 2.2.9, Condition 2.2.9.1 and Condition 2.2.9.2

2.2.9 Emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits

- 2.2.9.1 Emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits (excluding odour) shall not cause pollution. The operator shall not be taken to have breached this condition if appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved emissions management plan, have been taken to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, those emissions.
- 2.2.9.2 The operator shall:
- (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, an emissions management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits;
 - (b) implement the approved emissions management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

Condition 2.2.10, Condition 2.2.10.1 and Condition 2.2.10.2

2.2.10 Noise and vibration

- 2.2.10.1 Emissions from the activities shall be free from noise and vibration at levels likely to cause pollution outside the site, as perceived by an authorised officer of the Environment Agency, unless the operator has used appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved noise and vibration management plan to prevent or where that is not practicable to minimise the noise and vibration.
- 2.2.10.2 The operator shall:
- (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution outside the site due to noise and vibration, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a noise and vibration management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from noise and vibration;
 - (b) implement the approved noise and vibration management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

Condition 2.2.11, Condition 2.2.11.1 and Condition 2.2.11.2

2.2.11 Fire prevention

2.2.11.1 The operator shall take all appropriate measures to prevent fires on site and minimise the risk of pollution from them including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved fire prevention plan.

2.2.11.2 The operator shall:

- (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to a risk of fire, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a fire prevention plan which prevents fires and minimises the risk of pollution from fires;
- (b) implement the fire prevention plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

The Site Plan referenced in Schedule 5 of the permit is amended as follows, to add an additional plan to show the permitted area of the waste operations at the site:



